

Ultra-stable, high precision (ppm class) fluxgate technology DS Series current transducer for non-intrusive, isolated DC and AC current measurement up to 370A



ROHS

UK CA

#### **Features**

Linearity error maximum 2 ppm

1000 turns calibration winding available in DSUB 9 connector - For full scale test and calibration in circuit

Green diode for normal operation indication

Full aluminum body for superior EMI shielding and extended operating temperature range

Large aperture \$27.6mm for cables and bus bars

#### **Applications:**

MPS for particles accelerators

Gradient amplifiers for MRI devices

Stable power supplies

Precision drives

Batteries testing and evaluation systems

Power measurement and power analysis

Current calibration purposes

Specification highlights	Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур	Max
Nominal primary AC current	I <sub>PN</sub> AC	Arms			200
Nominal primary DC current	I <sub>PN</sub> DC	А	-300		300
Measuring range	Î <sub>PM</sub>	А	-370		370
Primary / secondary ratio	n1 : n2			1:500	
Linearity error	E <sub>L</sub>	ppm	-2		2
Offset current (including earth field)	I <sub>OE</sub>	ppm	-20		20
DC-10Hz Overall accuracy @25°C (= E <sub>L</sub> + I <sub>OE</sub> )	3cc8	ppm	-22		22
AC Maximum gain error 10Hz to 5kHz	$\mathcal{E}_{G}$	%			±0.01
Operating temperature range	Та	°C	-40		85
Power supply voltages	Uc	V	±14.25		±15.75

All ppm (or %) values refer to nominal current



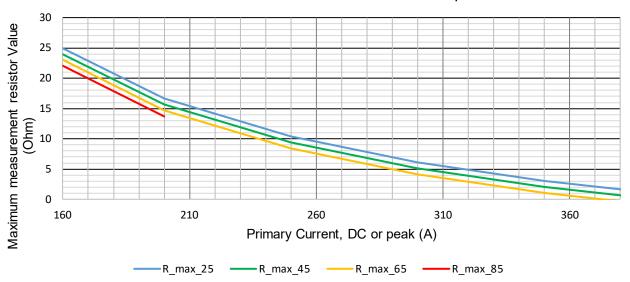
### Electrical specifications at Ta=23°C, supply voltage = ± 15V unless otherwise stated

Parameter		Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур.	Max	Comment	
Nominal primary AC current	t	I <sub>PN</sub> AC	Arms			200	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating	
Nominal primary DC curren	t	I <sub>PN</sub> DC	Α	-300		300	Refer to fig. 1 for derating	
Measuring range		I <sub>PM</sub>	Α	-370		370	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating	
Overload capacity		Î <sub>OL</sub>	Α			1500	Non-measured, 100ms	
Nominal secondary current		I <sub>SN</sub>	mA	-600		600	At nominal primary DC current	
Primary / secondary ratio				1:500		1:500		
Measuring resistance		$R_{M}$	Ω	0		3	Refer to fig. 1 for details	
Linaanitusaman		0	ppm	-2		2	ppm refers to nominal DC current	
Linearity error		$\epsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	μA	-1.2		1.2	μA refers to secondary current	
Offset current			ppm	-20		20	ppm refers to nominal DC current	
(including earth field)		I <sub>OE</sub>	μΑ	-12		12	μA refers to secondary current	
DC-10Hz Overall accuracy	@25°C (= ε <sub>L</sub> + lo <sub>E</sub> )	acc8	ppm	-22		22	ppm refers to nominal DC current	
Off 1 1	4	TO	ppm/K	-0.1		0.1	ppm refers to nominal DC current	
Offset temperature coefficie	ent	TC <sub>IOE</sub>	μA/K	-0.06		0.06	μA refers to secondary current	
Bandwidth		f(-3dB)	kHz	1000			Small signal, graphs figure 3	
Amplitude error	10Hz –5kHz					0.01%		
	5kHz -100kHz	$\epsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle G}$	%			1.00%	% refers to nominal current	
	100kHz - 1000kHz					20.00%		
Phase shift	10Hz –5kHz					0.1°		
	5kHz -100kHz	θ	0			0.5°		
	100kHz - 1000kHz					5.0°		
Response time to a step cu	rrent IPN	tr @ 90%	μs		1		di/dt = 100Α/μs	
Noise	0 - 100Hz					0.09		
	0 - 1kHz					0.15	L	
	0 - 10kHz	noise	ppm rms			1.30	Measured on secondary current	
	0 - 100kHz					3.80		
Fluxgate excitation frequen	су	f <sub>Exc</sub>	kHz		32.5			
Induced rms voltage on prir	mary conductor		μV rms			5		
Power supply voltages		Uc	V	±14.25		±15.75		
Positive current consumption	on	lps	mA	93	97	104	Add Is (if Is is positive)	
Negative current consumpti	ion	Ins	mA	85	91	96	Add Is (if Is is negative)	
Operating temperature rang	је	Та	°C	-40		85		
Stability								
-			ppm/month	-0.2		0.2	ppm refers to nominal DC current	
Offset stability over time			μΑ/month	-0.12		0.12	μA refers to secondary current	
Offset change with vertical external magnetic field			μA /mT			2.4	(perpendicular to bus bar)	
					0.6		μA refers to secondary current	
Offset change with horizontal external magnetic field			μA /mT			6	(parallel to bus bar)	
					2.4		μA refers to secondary current	
Offset change with power s	supply voltage changes		μA /V		0.012	0.12	μA refers to secondary current	
Offset change with absolute tracking	e power supply voltages		μA /V		0.036	0.12	μA refers to secondary current	

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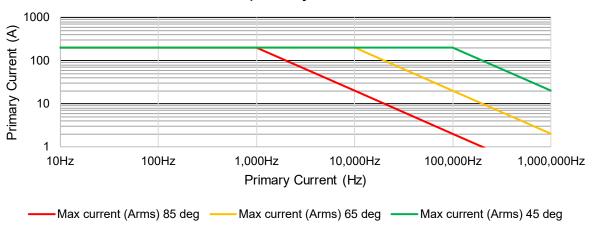
### Measurement resistor RM and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 1)

#### Maximum measurement resistor vs. ambient temperatures



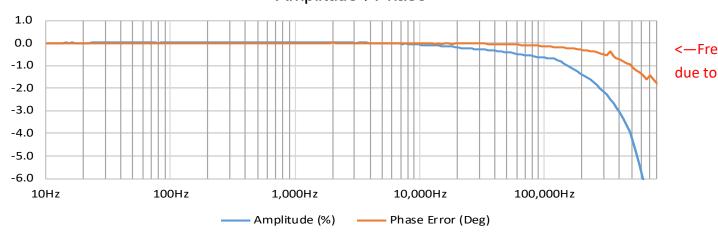
#### Frequency and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 2)

### Maximum primary current Arms



#### Frequency characteristics (Fig. 3)

#### Amplitude / Phase



# **Isolation specifications**

Parameter	Unit	Value
Clearance	mm	9
Creepage distance	mm	10
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	٧	> 600
Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min - Between primary and (secondary and shield) - Between secondary and shield	kV	5.7 0.2
Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50µs)	kV	10.4
Rated rms isolation voltage reinforced isolation, overvoltage category III, Pollution degree 2 according to - IEC 61010-1 - EN50780	V	300 600

# Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Unit	Max	Comment
Primary	kA	4.5	Maximum 100ms
Power supply	V	±16.5	
Maximum calibration current	mA	300	Continuous - with no primary current present
Calibration winding resistance	Ω	35	

## **Environmental and mechanical characteristics**

Parameter	Unit	Min	Тур	Max	Comment	
Ambient operating temperature range	°C	-40		65		
Storage temperature range	°C	-40		85		
Relative humidity	%	20		80	Non-condensing	
Mass	kg		0.6			
Connections	Power supplies: D-SUB 9 pins male					
Standards	EN 61326-1 EMC EN 61010-1:2010 Safety					

### **Advanced Sensor Protection Circuits "ASPC"**

Developed to protect the current transducer from typical fault conditions:

- Unit is un-powered and secondary circuit is open or closed
- Unit is powered and secondary circuit is open or interrupted

Both DC and AC primary current up to 100% of nominal value can be applied to the current transducers in the above situations without damage to the electronics.

Please notice that the sensor core can be magnetized in all above cases, leading to a small change in output offset current (less than 10ppm)

### Status pins

When transducer is operating in normal condition, the status pins (3 and 8) are shorted.

Status pins properties: - forward direction pin 8 to pin 3, maximum forward current 10mA

- maximum forward voltage 60V, maximum reverse voltage 5V

#### **Accessories**

4-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 4xDCCT: DSSIU-4

6-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 6xDCCT: DSSIU-6

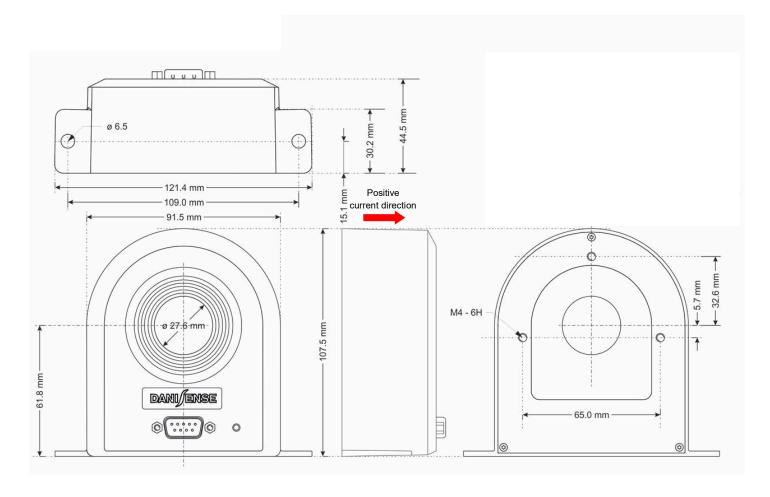
Transducer cables in 5 lengths (2m - 5m - 10m - 15m - 20m): DSUB2 - DSUB5 - DSUB10 - DSUB15 -

DSUB20

Transducer cable 3m for connection to end-user's power supply:

Transducer cable for lab PS (with access to current output via Ø4 banana jacks)

Please visit Danisense homepage for relevant datasheets



(general tolerance 0.3mm unless otherwise stated)

### **DSUB** pin layout

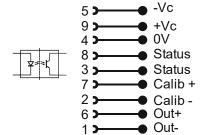
DSUB-9 current output with 1000 turns calibration winding



When sensor is operating in normal condition the status pins are shorted.

Status pin properties.

- Forward direction pin 8 to pin 3
- Maximum forward current 10mA
- Maximum forward voltage 60V
- Maximum reverse voltage 5V



## Positive current direction

Is identified by an arrow on the transducer body

### **Mounting instructions**

Base plate mounting 2 holes Ø6.5

2 x M5 steel screws / 6N.m

Back side panel mounting 3 holes Ø4.0 x 6H

3 x M4 steel screw / 4N.m



# **Declaration of Conformity**

Danisense A/S

Malervej 10

DK-2630 Taastrup

Denmark

Declares that under our sole responsibility that this product is in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directives, including all amendments, and with national legislation implementing these directives:

Directive 2014/30/EU

Directive 2014/35/EU

And that the following harmonized standards have been applied

EN 61010-1 (Third Edition):2010, EN 61010-1:2010/A1:2019

EN 61010-2-030:2021/A11:2021

EN 61326-1:2013

All DANISENSE products are manufactured in accordance with RoHS directive 2011/65/EU. Annex II of the RoHS directive was amended by directive 2015/863 in force since 2015, expanding the list of 6 restricted substances (Lead, Hexavalent Chromium, PBB, PBDE and Cadmium)

Danisense follows the provision in EN 63000:2018

Place

Taastrup, Denmark

Henrik Elbæk

Date

2022-03-15